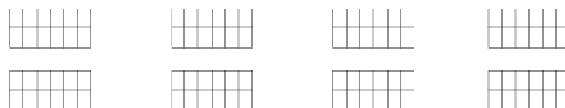


1. Weź kostkę do gry. Rzucaj nią po dwa razy. Wpisuj cyfry i mnoż je. Wpisz wyniki, np. $5 \cdot 2 = 10$.

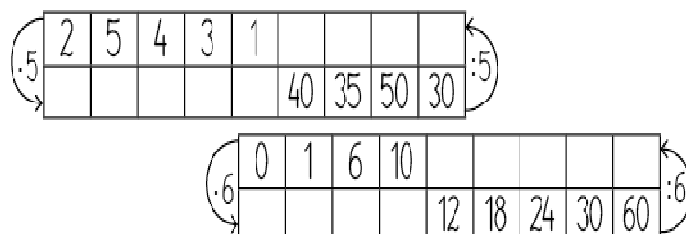


2. Oblicz.



$$\begin{array}{l} 16:8 = \square \\ 16:2 = \square \\ 16:4 = \square \\ 16:1 = \square \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 12:4 = \square \\ 12:3 = \square \\ 12:6 = \square \\ 12:2 = \square \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 20:5 = \square \\ 20:4 = \square \\ 20:10 = \square \\ 20:2 = \square \end{array}$$

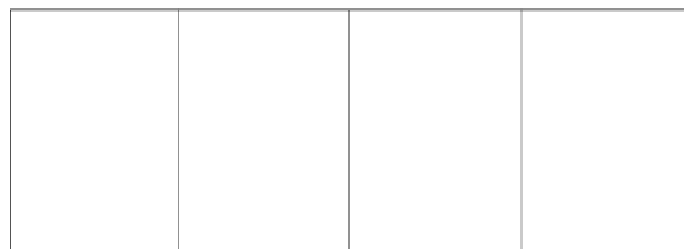
3. Oblicz.



4. Wpisz brakujące liczby i znaki: $>$, $<$ lub $=$.

$$\begin{array}{lll} 21 < 22 \dots 23 & 100 \dots 99 \dots 100 & 64 \dots 65 \dots \square \\ 33 \dots 34 \dots 35 & \square \dots 84 \dots 83 & 79 \dots \square \dots 77 \\ 96 \dots 95 \dots 94 & 50 \dots \square \dots 52 & 40 = \square \dots 39 \end{array}$$

5. W okienkach wykonaj rysunki do podanych działań.



$$3 \cdot 8 = \square \quad 2 \cdot 9 = \square \quad 6 \cdot 6 = \square \quad 9 \cdot 3 = \square$$

6. Uzupełnij przykłady według wzoru.

$$\begin{array}{lll} 15:5=3, \text{ bo } 3 \cdot 5 = 15 & 30:6 = \square, \text{ bo } \square \cdot 6 = \square \\ 16:8 = \square, \text{ bo } \square \cdot 8 = \square & 32:4 = \square, \text{ bo } \square \cdot 4 = \square \\ 28:7 = \square, \text{ bo } \square \cdot 7 = \square & 35:5 = \square, \text{ bo } \square \cdot 5 = \square \\ 12:4 = \square, \text{ bo } \square \cdot 4 = \square & 40:10 = \square, \text{ bo } \square \cdot 10 = \square \end{array}$$



